

UNIX COMMANDS

Several useful Sun/UNIX commands are shown by the following examples:

vi file - use vi editor to edit (or create) file

more file - list file on terminal, one screen at a time, hitting the space bar to get the next screen

cp file1 file2 - copy file1 to file2

rm file - remove file

mkdir direct - create a subdirectory at current level called direct

cd direct - change current directory to direct

cd - change current directory to original directory

ls - list files in directory

lp -d ps3 file1 file2 ... - spool file1, file2, ... to printer in CH 153B

man command - find out additional information on a command

mail - read mail messages

mail user - send mail to another user. The message follows line by line and is terminated by a Control-D.

script file - create a transcript file of your terminal session from the point of this command until an exit or control-D is issued

exit - logout (terminate the terminal session)

To initiate a Sun/UNIX terminal session, you need only enter your login name and password when prompted.